

Company registration number: 234193

Tullamore Travellers Movement Company Limited by Guarantee Trading as Offaly Traveller Movement

Financial statements

for the financial year ended 31 December 2019



Contents

	Page
Directors and other information	1 - 2
Directors report	3 - 4
Directors responsibilities statement	5
Independent auditor's report to the members	6 - 9
Income and Expenditure Account	10
Balance sheet	11
Notes to the financial statements	12 - 17



Directors and other information

Directors Susan Fay

Liam Rodger Lily Ward

William McDonagh Marianne O'Shea Christoper McDonagh Thomas McDonagh Mary Rose Kerrigan

Secretary Lily Ward

Company number 234193

Registered office Harbour Street

Tullamore Co. Offaly

Business address Tullamore Travellers Movement CLG

Harbour Street Tullamore Co. Offaly.

Auditor Beck House Holdings Limited T/A Milne O'Dwyer

Beck House Kilbride Street Tullamore Co Offaly

Bankers Permanent TSB

O'Connor Square

Tullamore Co. Offaly



Directors and other information (continued)

Solicitors

Joahanna McGowan

1 Bridge Ln Tullamore Co. Offaly



Directors report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31 December 2019.

Directors

The names of the persons who at any time during the financial year were directors of the company are as follows:

Susan Fay
Liam Rodger
Lily Ward
William McDonagh
Marianne O'Shea
Christoper McDonagh
Thomas McDonagh
Mary Rose Kerrigan

Principal Activities, Business Review and Future Developments

The main purpose for which the company was established is to promote the recognition of Travellers as a nomadic ethnic group having its own distinctive culture and lifestyle. There was no change in the nature of the activities during the year.

The directors' are satisfied with the overall performance of the company in the financial year.

The directors' are optimistic as regards the future funding of the company and funding has been guaranteed to 31st December 2020.

Principal risks and uncertainties

In common with all companies operating in Ireland as publically funded companies, the company has its funding guaranteed on a year by year basis. Funding for Tullamore Travellers Movement Company Limited by Guarantee has been guaranteed for the year ended 31st December 2020, but the directors are confident that the current level of funding will also be available for 2021.

Dividends

During the financial year the directors have not paid any dividends or recommended payment of a final dividend.

Events after the end of the reporting period

There were no post balance sheet events.

Research and development

There was no research and development in the period.

Accounting records

The measures taken by the directors to secure compliance with the requirements of sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014 with regard to the keeping of accounting records are the implementation of necessary policies and procedures for recording transactions, the employment of competent accounting personnel with appropriate expertise and the provision of adequate resources to the financial function. The accounting records of the company are located at Harbour Street, Tullamore, Co. Offaly...



Directors report (continued)

Relevant audit information

In the case of each of the persons who are directors at the time this report is approved in accordance with section 332 of Companies Act 2014:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's statutory auditors are unaware, and
- each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's statutory auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

In accordance with Section 383(2) of the Companies Act 2014, the auditors, Milne O'Dwyer, Statutory Audit Firm, Beck House, Kilbride Street, Tullamore, Co. Offaly will continue in office.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 20 October 2020 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Lily Ward Director

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Director



Directors responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board

Lily Ward Director

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Date: 20 October 2020

Thomas McDonagh

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Director



Independent auditor's report to the members of Tullamore Travellers Movement Company Limited by Guarantee

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Tullamore Travellers Movement Company Limited by Guarantee (the 'company') for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 which comprise the Income and Expenditure Account, balance sheet and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 3. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish law and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 December 2019 and of its profit for the financial year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- · have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (Ireland) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

Emphasis of matter

In forming our opinion, which is not qualified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in note 1 to the financial statements concerning the ability of the company to continue as a going concern. The company is 100% reliant upon the funding it receives from various bodies. The company's main sources of funding are from HSE, the Department of Justice and Equality via the National Traveller Partnership and the Department of Children, Equality, Disability, Integration & Youth through the Laois-Offaly Education & Training Board (LOETB). During the year ended 31 December 2019, the company received total funds in the amount of €533,220 (2018 - €494,199). The company is guaranteed a similar amount up to 31 December 2020. Funds are allocated on an annual basis and therefore the funds are guaranteed only up to 31st December 2020. However, the Directors are confident that the current level of funding will also be made available in 2021. These conditions, along with other matters explained in note 1 to the financial statements, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the company was unable to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of the company's ability to continue as a going concern.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Tullamore Travellers Movement Company Limited by Guarantee (continued)

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- · in our opinion, the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements; and
- · in our opinion, the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited, and financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions required by sections 305 to 312 of the Act are not made. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Respective responsibilities

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Tullamore Travellers Movement Company Limited by Guarantee (continued)

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
 forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Tullamore Travellers Movement Company Limited by Guarantee (continued)

Thomas McDonagh

Donal Hackett (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Beck House Holdings Limited T/A Milne O'Dwyer Certified Public Accountants & Statutory Audit Firm Beck House Kilbride Street Tullamore Co Offaly

20 October 2020

This is certified a true copy.

Lily Ward

Lily Wel



Income and expenditure account Financial year ended 31 December 2019

	2019 Note €	2018 €
Income	533,220	494,199
Expenditure	(495,443)	(465,709)
Surplus/(Deficit)	37,777	28,490
Retained earnings at the start of the financial ye	ar 143,237	114,747
Retained earnings at the end of the financial year	(352,206)	(350,962)
	*	****



Balance sheet As at 31 December 2019

		2019		20	18
	Note	€	€	€	€
Fixed assets Tangible assets	7	13,385	13,385	14,366	14 266
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	8	44,790 151,055 ———————————————————————————————————	10,000	27,596 134,445 ——————————————————————————————————	14,366
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(28,216)		(33,170)	
Net current assets			167,629		128,871
Total assets less current liabilities			181,014		143,237
Net assets			181,014		143,237
Capital and reserves Income and expenditure account			181,014		143,237
Members funds			181,014		143,237

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 20 October 2020 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Lily Ward

Director

Momay MCV / Thomas McDonagh

Director



Notes to the financial statements Financial year ended 31 December 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by guarantee, registered in Ireland. The address of the registered office is Harbour Street, Tullamore, Co. Offaly.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies and measurement bases

Basis of preparation

The Statutory financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and comply with the accounting standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, specifically Financial Reporting Standard 102 - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (FRS 102) as adopted by Section 1A of FRS 102 and the Companies Act 2014.

Functional Currency

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

The company is 100% reliant upon the funding it receives from various bodies. The company's main sources of funding are from HSE, the Department of Justice and Equality via the National Traveller Partnership and from the Department of Children, Equality, Disability, Integration and Youth through the Laois-Offaly Education & Training Board (LOETB). During the year ended 31st December 2019, the company received total funds in the amount of €533,220 (2018 - €494,199). The company is guaranteed a similar level of funding up to 31st December 2020 and the directors are confident that the current level of funding will also be made available in 2021. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends on the continued support of the above funding bodies. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result should such support be discontinued.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.



Notes to the financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31 December 2019

Research and development

Research expenditure is written off in the financial year in which it is incurred.

Development expenditure incurred is capitalised as an intangible asset only when all of the following criteria are met:

- · It is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- · There is the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- · There is the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- · The use or sale of the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- There are adequate technical, financial and other resources available to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- The expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development can be measured reliably.

Expenditure that does not meet the above criteria is expensed as incurred.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Office equipment

- 12.5% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.



Notes to the financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31 December 2019

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model.

Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset.

Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.



Notes to the financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31 December 2019

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Limited by guarantee

Tullamore Travellers Movement Company Limited by Guarantee has no share capital. The members' liability is limited to the amount they have undertaken to contribute to the assets of the company, in the event it is wound up, not exceeding the amount specified in the memorandum. As a guarantee company does not have a share capital, the members are not required to buy any shares in the company.



Notes to the financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31 December 2019

5. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the financial year, including the directors was 18 (2018: 17).

The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the financial year were:

		2019	2018
	Wages and salaries	€	€
	Wages and Salanes	334,924	321,774
	Employers pension contribution	3,042	2,933
6.	Appropriations of income and expenditure account		
		2019	2018
	At the start of the financial and	€	•€
	At the start of the financial year	143,237	114,747
	Surplus for the financial year	37,777	28,490
	At the end of the financial year	181,014	143,237

7. Tangible assets

e	Office quipment	Total
Cost	€	€
At 1 January 2019	17,957	17,957
Additions	3,263	3,263
At 31 December 2019	21,220	21,220
Depreciation At 1 January 2019 Charge for the	3,591	3,591
financial year	4,244	4,244
At 31 December 2019	7,835	7,835
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2019	13,385	13,385
At 31 December 2018	14,366	14,366



Notes to the financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31 December 2019

8. Debtors

	2019	2018
	€	€
Trade debtors	41,957	27,596
Prepayments	2,833	-
	44,790	27,596

9. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	€	€
Payments received on account	-	8,344
Trade creditors	578	(597)
Other creditors including tax and social insurance	5,836	4,623
Accruals	8,450	6,445
Deferred income	13,352	14,355
	28,216	33,170

10. Approval of financial statements

The board of directors approved these financial statements for issue on 20 October 2020.



The following pages do not form part of the statutory accounts.



Income and Expenditure Account for the financial year ended 31 December 2019

Notes				er 2018 €
4		_	•	
•		555,220		494,199
2	100,124		100,125	
3	47,288		· ·	
4	226,079		•	
5	61,197			
6	7,431		•	
7	2,051			
8	350		, -	
9	3,026		2,999	
10	38,612			
11	600			
12	-			
13	810		_	
14	6,575		_	
15	1,300		-	
		495,443		465,709
		37,777		28,490
	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Notes € 1 2 100,124 3 47,288 4 226,079 5 61,197 6 7,431 7 2,051 8 350 9 3,026 10 38,612 11 600 12 - 13 810 14 6,575	1 533,220 2 100,124 3 47,288 4 226,079 5 61,197 6 7,431 7 2,051 8 350 9 3,026 10 38,612 11 600 12 - 13 810 14 6,575 15 1,300 495,443	Notes € € 1 533,220 2 100,124 100,125 3 47,288 47,290 4 226,079 232,033 5 61,197 53,161 6 7,431 6,216 7 2,051 2,000 8 350 - 9 3,026 2,999 10 38,612 19,431 11 600 400 12 - 2,054 13 810 - 14 6,575 - 15 1,300 - 495,443 -



Schedule of Income and Expenditure for the financial year ended 31 December 2019

	2019	2018
	€	€
Note 1: Income		
NTP	100,124	100,125
Youth DCEDIY/LOETB	47,290	47,290
Health Service Executive	264,011	252,240
HSE Mental Health-T2WB	71,539	47,731
Exchange House - T2WB	-	6,500
TUSLA	7,779	7,779
Traveller Pride Week	2,000	2,000
OLDC	350	-
UN Poverty Grant	3,000	2,999
General Income	25,602	23,781
Credit Union	650	400
Offaly Homeless Event Offaly Co Co	-	2,054
Irish Heritage School	-	1,000
Learn International	-	300
Mens Health Network	-	-
Lotto Grants	3,300	-
Miscellaneous Grants	1,000	-
NUI Maynooth Grant	6,575	-
	533,220	494,199
	PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	***************************************



Note 2: NTP		
Wages and PRSI	73,622	79,820
Employers pension contribution	1,152	19,020
Rent	4,962	3,875
Insurance	530	429
Light and heat	825	492
Phone Charges	1,966	1,829
Bank charges	122	1,029
Audit fee	2,152	753
Membership	50	753 50
Computer expenses	3,051	
Equipment maintenance	-	1,297
Postage and Stationery	1,193	66
BOM Training	500	1,091
Training and Staff Development	2,689	900
Out of Pocket Expenses Staff	2,295	2,551
BOM Expenses	633	3,541
Petty Cash	57	770
Peninsula	564	370
Cleaner	517	204
Refuse collection	122	384
Maintenance	89	115
Newspapers	.09	8
CRO	-	15
Fire safety	137	20
Equipment	137	13
Water rates	-	1,279
Student gifts	- 50	30
Activities	2,546	-
NTP Fee	300	400
Communications	300	136
		180
	100,124	100,125



Note 3: Youth DCEDIY/LOETB		
Wages and PRSI	35,622	35,818
Stationery	241	240
Light and heat	161	210
Pettycash	99	99
Mobile Phone	445	443
IT Maintenance	364	364
Insurance	355	354
Audit	619	620
Cleaning	147	147
Bins	47	48
Bank charges	61	62
Rent	2,752	1,785
Water rates	· -	24
Admin/Management fee	2,837	2,837
Staff expenses	117	722
Youth activities	3,213	771
Drop in club petty cash	-	100
Drop in club activities	-	655
Office telephone	199	198
Fire safety maintenance	9	11
Equipment maintenance	-	30
Summer project	-	1,752
	47,288	47,290



Note 4: Health Service Executive

4 A) - Traveller Health Unit		
Participators Allowance	-	126
	-	126
	175 107 60400 NO	***************************************
4 B) - Primary Healthcare Programme		
Training	-	1,740
Wages and PRSI	74,288	71,662
Programme activities	4,162	3,956
Staff expenses	4,084	-
Travel	-	6,590
Pettycash	200	400
	82,734	84,348
4 C) - Health Networks		***
Participators allowance	6,270	6,032
Food	833	1,276
Admin fee	840	400
Post	200	
Room hire	200	200
Facilitator	-	160
1 acilitato)	-	500
	8,143	8,568
	and the second s	
4 D) - HSE Administration		
Administration fee	14,991	14,991
		17,001
	14,991	14,991
		777
4 E) - Horse Project		
Wages	6,234	10,652
Programme activities	500	1,945
Phone	341	443
Petty cash	-	70
	7,075	13,110
	AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	



4 F) - Health Co-Ordinator		
Wages	34,372	35,472
Expenses	402	634
Support and supervision	560	715
Broadband	-	-
Advertising	_	-
Programme activities	80	-
	35,414	36,821
4.0\ 0.000000000000000000000000000000000		
4 G) - Community Development Worker	20.075	20.000
Wages	39,275	39,926
Expenses	1,429	2,104
Wages contracted	2,600	-
Training	730	-
	44,034	42,030
4 H) - HSE Office Costs		-
Stationery	1,448	1,733
Light	1, 44 6 815	903
Heat	615	737
Cleaner	454	823
Bank charges	298	451
IT	5,010	1,824
Bins	3,010	251
Landline and mobiles	5,934	7,834
Post	70	665
Insurance	1,338	1,414
Rent	11,251	9,313
Equipment	311	1,950
Audit	2,727	2,480
Membership fees	- ,,, -	50
CRO	114	20
Maintenance	1,089	423
Fire safety maintenance	227	42
Water rates	-	98
Administration	-	-
Peninsula HR	1,091	-
Advertising	90	-
	32,267	24 044
	32,207	31,011
4 I) - HSE LCCRP		
LCCRP	1,421	1,028
	Annual actions and action action action actions and action	



Note 5: T2WB		
Wages	42,729	30,367
Pension	1,890	2,933
Office Phone/Broadband	734	522
IT Maintenance	707	338
Advertising	90	_
Supervision	425	935
Expenses	2,363	2,811
Cleaning	122	233
Petty Cash	·	332
Maintenance	99	76
Fire Safety	69	10
Rent and Rates	2,547	2,100
Professional Fee/Membership	295	295
Audit Fee	615	576
Stationery and Post	1,107	347
Light and Heat	184	541
Bank Charges	18	37
Insurance	303	328
Admin/Management Fee	4,674	4,674
Programme activities	1,659	5,706
Training	395	-,
Bins	42	_
Peninsula HR	130	-
Mobile Phones	· -	-
	61,197	53,161
	**Allow region of the control of the	
Note 6: TUSLA		
THOLA	7 404	6 216
TUSLA	7,431 ======	6,216
Note 7: Traveller Pride Week		
Materials	73	92
Food		450
Petty Cash	119	200
Programme Activities	1,758	1,158
Expenses	101	100
	- A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A	
	2,051	2,000
	According to the control of the cont	And the Property of the Control of t



Note 8: OLDC Grant		
Petty Cash	350	-
	350	, ma
	Managan (and de la companya de la co	#1 P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P
Note 9: UN Poverty Grant		
Un Poverty Grant	3,026	2,999
	3,026	2,999
	440-440 Marine	
Note 10: General Expenses Wages	20 702	40.057
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	28,782	18,057
<u>Premises Move</u>		
Premises Move Petty Cash	329	
Premises Move Post Redirection	175	
Premises Move Removal Van	1,600	_
Premises Move Equipment	1,211	-
Other premises move expenses	3,637	60
Other General Expenses		
Staff Development	500	1,314
Exhale Food	201	7,014
Exhale Faciliator Costs	200	-
Cultural Awarness NUIM	250	-
IT	1,727	-
	38,612	19,431
Note 11: Credit Union Grant		
Credit Union Grant	600	400
	600	400
Note 12: Offaly Homeless Event Offaly Co Co		
Offaly Homeless Event	-	2,054
	-	2,054
	Annual An	
Note 13: Other Grants		
College Connect	810	-
	810	-
	And the second of the second o	***************************************



Note 14: Maynooth Research		
Maynooth Research	6,575	-
	disconsistent and the second of the second o	
Note 15: National Lottery Grant		
Adriatic Pilgrimages	1,300	-



		2019	201	18	
National	Traveller Partnership (NTP)				
NTP			100,124	1	100,125
				•	,
NTP					
	Wages and PRSI	73,622	79	9,820	
	Employers pension contribution	1,152		-	
	Rent	4,962	;	3,875	
	Insurance	530		429	
	Light and heat	825		492	
	Phone Charges	1,966		1,829	
	Bank charges	122		111	
	Audit fee	2,152		753	
	Membership	50		50	
	Computer expenses	3,051		1,297	
	Equipment maintenance	, . -		66	
	Postage and Stationery	1,193		1,091	
	BOM Training	500		900	
	Training and Development Staff	2,689	2	2,551	
	Out of Pocket Expenses Staff	2,295		3,541	
	BOM Expenses	633		770	
	Petty Cash	57		370	
	Peninsula	564		<u></u>	
	Cleaner	517		384	
	Refuse collection	122		115	
	Maintenance	89		8	
	Newspapers	_		15	
	CRO	_		20	
	Fire safety	137		13	
	Equipment	-	1	1,279	
	Water rates	-		30	
	Student gifts	50		_	
	Activities	2,546		- .	
	NTP fee	300		136	
	Communications	-		180	
			100,124		00,125
Cumbus //	Deficit) for the year		Self-Allowables down regulation before the least to		
ourplus / (Deficit) for the year				



	2019	2018	
Youth DCEDIY/LOETB			
Youth Income		47,290	47,290
Youth Expenditure			
Wages and PRSI	35,622	35,818	
Stationery	241	240	
Light and heat	161	210	
Pettycash	99	99	
Mobile Phone	445	443	
IT Maintenance	364	364	
Insurance	355	354	
Audit	619	620	
Cleaning	147	147	
Bins	47	48	
Bank charges	61	62	
Rent	2,752	1,785	
Water rates	-	24	
Admin/Management fee	2,837	2,837	
Staff expenses	117	722	
Youth activities	3,213	771	
Drop in club petty cash	-	100	
Drop in club activities	-	655	
Office telephone	199	198	
Fire safety maintenance	9	11	
Equipment maintenance	-	30	
Summer project	-	1,752	
	·	47,288	47,290
Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		2	



		2019	2018
<u>Health</u>	Service Executive		
HSE In	come	264	,011 252,240
HSE E	xpenditure		
	er Health Unit		
	Participators Allowance	-	126
Primary	√ Healthcare Programme		
	Training	_	1,740
	Wages and PRSI	74,288	71,662
	Programme activities	4,162	3,956
	Staff expenses	4,084	Ş, 93Q
	Travel	-	6,590
	Pettycash	200	400
Health N	Vework		
	Participators allowance	6,270	6,032
	Food	833	1,276
	Admin fee	840	400
	Post	200	200
	Room hire	_	160
	Facilitator	-	500
HSE Adr	ministration		
	Administration fee	14,991	14,991
Horse Pr	oject		
	Wages	6,234	10,652
	Programme activities	500	1,945
	Phone	341	443
	Petty cash	-	70
			, o



	2019	2018
Health Co-Ordinator		
Wages	34,372	35,472
Expenses	402	634
Programme activities	80	_
Support and supervision	560	715
Community Development Worker		
Wages	39,275	39,926
Expenses	1,429	2,104
Maintenance	#	-
Support and supervision	-	-
Phone	2,600	-
Advertising	730	-
HSE Office Costs		
Stationery	1,448	1,733
Light	815	903
Heat	-	737
Cleaner	454	823
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Post	70	665
Insurance	1,338	1,414
Rent	11,251	9,313
Audit	2,727	2,480
Equipment	311	1,950
Membership fees	-	50
CRO	114	20
Maintenance	1,089	423
Staff development	-	-
Fire safety maintenance	227	42
Water rates	-	98
Administration	-	_
Peninsula HR	1,091	~
Advertising	90	-
HSE LCCRP		
LCCRP	1,421	1,028
		 079
	37,932 20,207	